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CERTIFICATE OF HAND DELIVERY

PATENT  
Docket No.: 02558B-059411US  
Client Ref. No.: BRP00091 (divisional)

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being hand delivered to  
the Patent and Trademark Office on July 24, 2003

On 7/24/03

By: Jusie Kapeleris

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

Michael I. Watkins and Richard B.  
Edwards

Application No.: 09/905,338

Filed: July 13, 2001

For: MULTIPLEX FLOW ASSAYS  
PREFERABLY WITH MAGNETIC  
PARTICLES AS SOLID PHASE

Examiner: Stucker

Art Unit: 1648

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.131

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

MICHAEL I. WATKINS and RICHARD B. EDWARDS declare and state:

1. We are the inventors of the invention claimed in claims 21-29 and 50-58 of this Application.
2. The attached exhibit A is a photocopy of laboratory notebook entries and other materials describing experimental work that was carried out in the United States, a NAFTA country or a WTO country.
3. The experimental work described in Exhibit A was conducted prior to September 25, 1997.

4. The experimental work described in the attached Exhibit A was carried out by one or both of us, or by a person acting under the supervision of one or both of us.
5. The experimental work described in the attached Exhibit A corresponds to Examples 1 and 3 of this Application, and shows an experiment in which a plurality of types of magnetic beads was used to detect multiple analytes in a sample using flow cytometry.
6. As shown in Exhibit A, three types of beads were utilized - two sizes of SPHERO™ Carboxyl magnetic particles and one type of SINTEF™ magnetic particles. The three types of beads were differentiable from one another by particle size subrange. Each group of beads was combined with a different antigen.
7. As shown in Exhibit A and described in this patent application, the three types of beads were:

SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic particles, from Spherotech, Inc.,  
Libertyville, Illinois, USA -- poly(styrene/acrylic acid particles),  
4.35 micrometers ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) in diameter, density 1.17 g/cc, containing  
12% magnetite (by weight)

SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic particles, from Spherotech, Inc.,  
Libertyville, Illinois, USA -- poly(styrene/acrylic acid particles),  
3.18  $\mu\text{m}$  in diameter, density 1.17 g/cc, containing 12% magnetite  
(by weight)

SINTEF Applied Chemistry, Trondheim, Norway --  
poly(styrene/divinylbenzene) particles, 10  $\mu\text{m}$  in diameter, density  
1.23 g/cc, containing 17.9% magnetite/maghemite (by weight)

8. As shown in Exhibit A, pp. 1, 3 and 5, the particles were coupled to CMV, HSV2 and RUB antigens, respectively. Pages 2, 4 and 6 describe the beads. As shown in Exhibit A, pp. 7 and 8, the particles were then mixed and contacted with patient samples having known quantities of CMV, HSV2 and RUB antigens, including combinations of such

antigens, and were subjected to flow cytometry. The results are shown in the table on p. 7 of Exhibit A and below in Table II, demonstrating that multiple analytes could be detected using the magnetic particles described, in a flow cytometric immunoassay. Page 8 of Exhibit A

9. More specifically, the experimental procedure shown in the attached Exhibit A was as follows:

**TABLE I**  
Amounts Used

Bead	Viral Antigen	Amount of Beads	Weight of Viral Antigen	Volume of Viral Antigen	Volume of Phosphate Buffer (100 mM)
4.35 $\mu$ m	CMV	10 mg	225.8 $\mu$ g	322.6 $\mu$ L	677.4 $\mu$ L
3.18 $\mu$ m	HSV2	5 mg	163.0 $\mu$ g	815.0 $\mu$ L	185.0 $\mu$ L
10 $\mu$ m	RUB	5 mg	5.2 $\mu$ g	104.0 $\mu$ L	896.0 $\mu$ L

The beads in each case were placed in test tubes and washed multiple times with 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 6.8. The washed beads were then suspended in the volume of phosphate buffer listed in Table I, and respective antigen solution was added (CMV antigen from Chemicon International Incorporated, Temecula, California, USA; HSV2 antigen from Ross Southern Labs, Salt Lake City, Utah, USA; and RUB antigen from Viral Antigens, Memphis, Tennessee, USA) in the amount listed in Table 1. The test tubes were then rotated in end-over-end fashion overnight at room temperature. The tubes were then placed on a magnetic separator and the supernatant was drawn off and discarded. The resulting beads were washed with a wash buffer consisting of 50 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 0.01% Tween 20, 1% bovine serum albumin, 0.1% sodium azide, 150 mM sodium chloride, then again subjected to magnetic separation, and suspended in a storage buffer consisting of 50 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 5% glycerol, 1% bovine serum albumin, 0.1% sodium azide, 150 mM sodium chloride.

**Procedure:**

1. 100  $\mu$ L each of five of patient samples (diluted 1:10 in wash buffer), of known CMV, HSV2 and RUB antibody status, were added to 12  $\times$  75 mm polypropylene test tubes.
2. To each tube was added 100  $\mu$ L of a mixture of CMV, HSV2 and RUB antigen-coated particles (described in Example 1) diluted in wash buffer.
3. The tubes were vortexed at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
4. After vortexing, 800  $\mu$ L of wash buffer was added to each tube.
5. The tubes were placed in a magnetic separator for 5 minutes and the liquid phase removed.
6. Steps 4 and 5 were repeated, but with 1000  $\mu$ L of wash buffer.
7. 200  $\mu$ L of a 1:300 dilution of anti-human IgG-phycoerythrin conjugate (Chemicon International Inc., Temecula, California, USA) was added.
8. The tubes were vortexed at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
9. After this time, the samples were injected into a flow cytometer (Bryte HS, Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, California, USA) equipped with a xenon arc lamp.

The results are summarized in Table II below. The data show that the positive samples had increased fluorescence relative to the negative samples. Testing of samples containing only RUB shows that essentially the same results are obtained for a particular sample whether it is assayed with only one particle size directed towards a single analyte (RUB) or with particles of different sizes, each size being directed towards a different analyte.

**TABLE II**

Test Results

Sample	Antibody Status			Relative Linear Fluorescence Units		
	CMV	HSV2	RUB	CMV	HSV2	RUB
CN6	+	-	+	14	7	155
CN8	+	-	+	16	6	181
CN12	-	-	+	5	7	240
CN15	-	-	+	5	6	329
23	-	+	-	5	45	43

We further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent to which this verified states is directed.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Michael I. Watkins

Date: 6/9/03

\_\_\_\_\_  
Richard B. Edwards

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

TOWNSEND and TOWNSEND and CREW LLP  
Two Embarcadero Center, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor  
San Francisco, California 94111-3834  
Tel: (415) 576-0200  
Fax: (415) 576-0300  
JA:ja

**TABLE II**

**Test Results**

Sample	Antibody Status			Relative Linear Fluorescence Units		
	CMV	HSV2	RUB	CMV	HSV2	RUB
CN6	+	-	+	14	7	155
CN8	+	-	+	16	6	181
CN12	-	-	+	5	7	240
CN15	-	-	+	5	6	329
23	-	+	-	5	45	43

We further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent to which this verified states is directed.

  
Michael I. Watkins

Date: 6/9/03

  
Richard B. Edwards

Date: 7/11/03

TOWNSEND and TOWNSEND and CREW LLP  
Two Embarcadero Center, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor  
San Francisco, California 94111-3834  
Tel: (415) 576-0200  
Fax: (415) 576-0300  
JA:ja

# Adsorption of CMV Antigen to Magnetic Beads

Purpose: To adsorb ~~deffer~~ Chemicon CMV antigen to magnetic beads.

## Procedure

Tube	Bead	Amt Beads	Vol. Beads	Vol. CMV ( $\frac{700 \mu g}{ml}$ )	Vol. PBX <sup>100 mM</sup>
A	Spherotech 4.35 $\mu m$	10 mg	400 $\mu l$	322.6 $\mu l$	677.4 $\mu l$
B	Bangs 9803CN	2 mg	20 $\mu l$	283.0 $\mu l$	717 $\mu l$
C	Bangs 9500CN	2 mg	20 $\mu l$	199.0 $\mu l$	801 $\mu l$

- ① Add appropriate beads to a labeled 12x75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash bead 3x 1ml with 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 by adding 1ml buffer, vortexing and placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ③ Suspend beads in the volume of 100 mM phosphate buffer indicated above table.
- ④ Add the volume of CMV antigen specified in the table to the appropriate tube.
- ⑤ Place the capped tubes on an end-over-end rotator ON @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tubes on a magnetic separator for 3 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatant.
- ⑦ Wash 4x 1ml w/ wash buffer by adding 1ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tubes in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner wash 2x 1ml w/ storage buffer.
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1ml of storage buffer and store @ 4°C.

Witnessed & Understood by me,

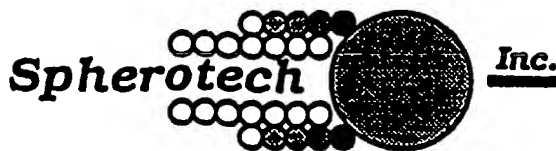
Date

Initialed by

Date

Recorded by

M. Watkins



1840 Industrial Dr. Suite 270  
Libertyville, Illinois 60048  
Tel : (708) 680 8922  
Fax : (708) 680 8927

## TECHNICAL DATA

**PRODUCT:** SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 4.0-4.5  $\mu\text{m}$   
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

**CAT. NO.:** CM-40-10

**LOT NO.:** 101

**SIZE:** 10 ml

**PARTICLE CONC.:** 2.5% w/v

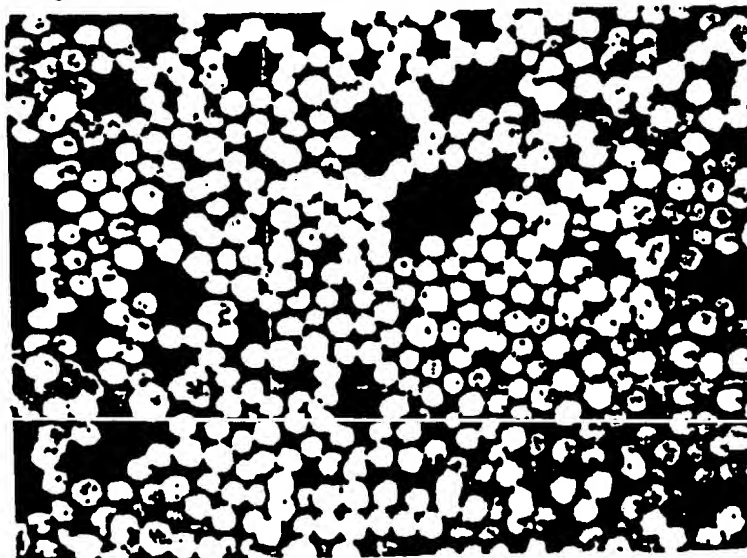
**PRESERVATIVE:** 0.05% Sodium Azide\*

**STORAGE:** Room Temperature

**CAUTION:** Do not freeze.

**NOTE:** To achieve optimum particle suspension, resuspend by vortexing before use.

**SEM ANALYSIS:** Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 4.35  $\mu\text{m}$



$$\text{Density} = 1.22 - 1.25 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\% \text{ magnetite} = 12\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} \# \text{part./ml} &= \frac{6W \times 10^{12}}{\rho \pi \phi^3} & W &= \text{grams/ml (soln)} \\ & & \phi &= \text{diameter } (\mu\text{m}) \\ & & \rho &= \text{density (g/ml)} \\ &= \frac{(6)(0.025)(10^{12})}{(1.235)(\pi)(4.35)^3} \\ &= 4.70 \times 10^8 \text{ part./ml} \end{aligned}$$

**\*WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

**NOTE:** FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.



## Adsorption of HSV Antigen <sup>To</sup> 3.18 $\mu$ m Spherotech Beads

Purpose: To adsorb Ross Southern Labs HSV antigen to 3.18  $\mu$ m magnetic beads from Spherotech.

### Procedure

- ① Add 200  $\mu$ l (5mg, 2.5%) of Spherotech 3.18  $\mu$ m beads to a 12x75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash beads 3x 1ml with 100mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8. By adding 1ml buffer, vortexing, placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes and pipetting off supernatant.
- ③ Suspend bead in 185  $\mu$ l of 100mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8.
- ④ Add 815  $\mu$ l of HSV antigen (Ross Southern Labs).
- ⑤ Cap the tube and place on a end-over-end rotator ON @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tube on a magnetic separator for 3 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatant.
- ⑦ Wash 4x 1ml w/wash buffer. By adding 1ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tube in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner, wash 2x 1ml w/storage buffer.
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1ml of storage buffer and store at 4°C.



Inc.

1840 Industrial Dr. Suite 270  
Libertyville, Illinois 60048  
Tel : (708) 680 8922  
Fax : (708) 680 8927

## TECHNICAL DATA

**PRODUCT:** SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 3.0-3.9  $\mu\text{m}$   
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

**CAT. NO.:** CM-30-10

**LOT NO.:** 101

**SIZE:** 10 ml

**PARTICLE CONC.:** 2.5% w/v

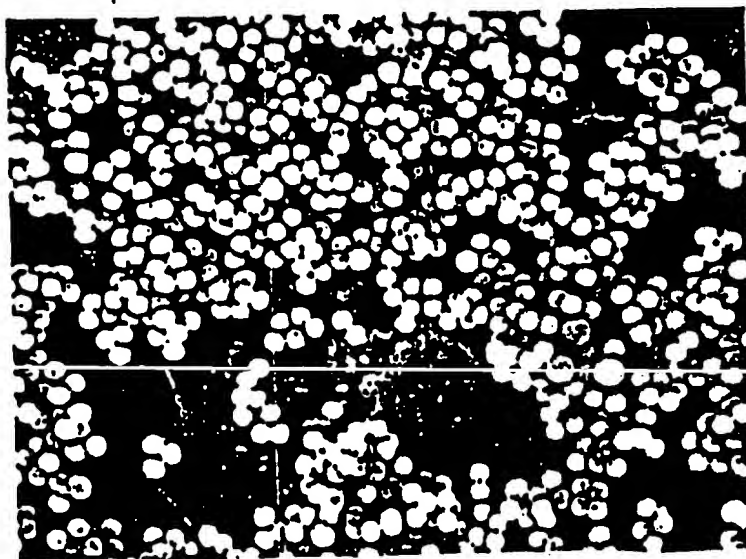
**PRESERVATIVE:** 0.05% Sodium Azide\*

**STORAGE:** Room Temperature

**CAUTION:** Do not freeze.

**NOTE:** To achieve optimum particle suspension, resuspend by vortexing before use.

**SEM ANALYSIS:** Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 3.18  $\mu\text{m}$



**\*WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

NOTE. FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Density} &= 1.22 - 1.25 \text{ g/cc} \\ \% \text{ Magnetite} &= .12\% \quad w = \text{grams/mL of soln} \\ \# \text{ part./mL} &= \frac{6W \times 10^{12}}{\rho \pi \phi^3} \quad \phi = \text{diameter } (\mu\text{m}) \\ &= \frac{(6)(0.025)(10^{12})}{(1.235)(\pi)(3.18)^3} \quad \rho = \text{density (g/mL)} \\ &= 1.20 \times 10^9 \text{ particles/mL} \\ \text{Surface Area} &= \frac{60}{\phi \rho} = \frac{60}{(3.18)(1.235)} = 15.3 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{mg}} \end{aligned}$$

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# Adsorption of Rubella <sup>To</sup> 10 $\mu$ m Magnetic Sinter Beads

Project No. \_\_\_\_\_

Book No. \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: To adsorb Rubella antigen at two different concentrations to 10 $\mu$ m magnetic Sinter beads.

## Procedure

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Vol. Rubella Antigen</u>	<u>Vol. 100 mM PBS pH 6.8</u>
A	104 $\mu$ L (5.2 $\mu$ g)	896 $\mu$ L
B	10.4 $\mu$ L (0.52 $\mu$ g)	989.6 $\mu$ L

- ① Wash 5 mg beads in tubes A & B, 3x 1 ml of 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 6.8 using magnetic separator (3 minutes).
- ② Suspend pellet in specified volume of phosphate buffer (see table).
- ③ Add volume of rubella antigen specified in table.
- ④ Place on end-over-end rotator 6/N @ RT.
- ⑤ Place on magnetic separator 3 minutes, discard <sup>supernatant</sup> using
- ⑥ Wash 4x 1 ml with wash buffer 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑦ Wash 2x 1 ml with storage buffer 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑧ Suspend in 1 ml of storage buffer.

To Page No. \_\_\_\_\_

Witnessed / Underd by me.

Date

Invented by

Date

(5)



Bio-Rad Labs  
4000 Alfred Nobel Drive  
Hercules, CA 94547  
USA

# SINTEF Applied Chemistry

Address:  
N-7034 Trondheim,  
NORWAY  
Location:  
Sam Sælands vei 2A  
Telephone:  
+47 73 59 28 73  
Fax:  
+47 73 59 69 95

Enterprise No.:  
NO 948 007 029 MVA

Att: Dr. Mike Watkins

Your ref.:

Our ref.:

Direct line:  
+4773592815

Trondheim,

## MAGNETIC MICROSPHERES

Dear Dr. Watkins,

Please find enclosed 50mg of uncoated magnetic particles with the following specifications:

R-509: 10µm porous, superparamagnetic particles

surface area: 89m<sup>2</sup>/g

iron content: 17.9% Fe/g particles

(in the form of magnetite Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and/or maghemite γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)

magnetic susceptibility: 12·10<sup>-3</sup> cgse

$$\text{Density} = 1.23 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mL}}$$
$$\text{particles/mL} =$$

$$\text{surface area (smath)} = \frac{60}{(10)(1.23)} = 4.88 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{mg}}$$

We have several types of coated particles based on these uncoated beads, where the coating both serves as pore filler (→ compact, smooth surface) and as supplier for functional groups for ligand coupling. We can also design new coatings specially for your purpose. Shortly told, we can vary the surface area and the pore sizes, the surface chemistry, the Fe-content (→ the magnetic susceptibility) and the size.

Please use always our particle number R-509 in your further correspondence concerning these particles.

We are looking forward to hear about your experiences with these magnetic beads.

Yours sincerely  
SINTEF Applied Chemistry

*Ruth Schmid*

Ruth Schmid

Research Scientist

66

Flow Multi (CMV + HSV + RUB) vs. single (RUB) assay

Form Page No. \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: To compare Zebella results in a single vs. multirassay (HSV, CMV, RUB) format.

### Observations

- controls CN 6, CN 8, CN 12, CN 15 + 23 were tested with the Gull assay and found to have the following reactivities:

	<u>HSV</u>	<u>CMV</u>	<u>RUB</u>
CN 6	+	-	+
CN 8	+	-	+
CN 12	-	-	+
CN 15	-	-	+
23	-	+	-

the flow results are consistent with these reactivities.

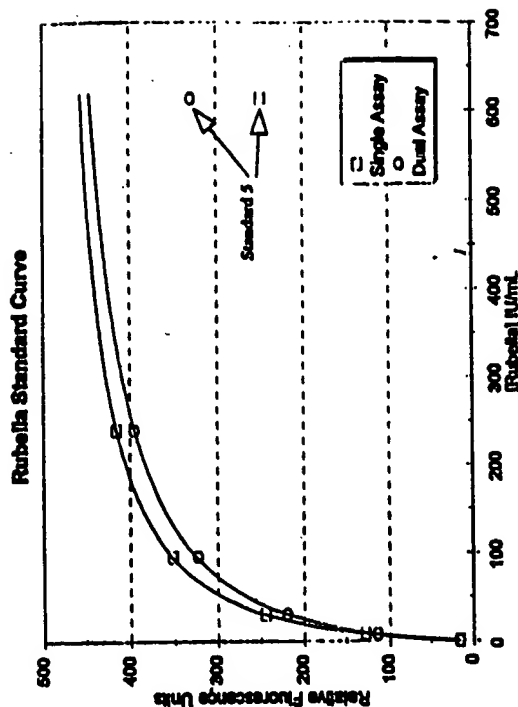
- standard 5 gave a lower signal than standard 4 in both assay formats
- controls were lower than their reported value of 134.9, 14.4, 0.5 IU/ml for HI positive, low positive and negative controls, respectively.

**Purpose:** To use compare Ru/xella in single versus multifaceted (i.e. HSV2, CMV and RUB).

**Purpose:** To use compare Ru/xella in single versus multifaceted (i.e. HSV2, CMV and RUB).

**Purpose:** To use compare Ru/xella in single versus multifaceted (i.e. HSV2, CMV and RUB).

**Read on Byte - staggered 3 minutes apart**



# Adsorption of CMV ~~Antigen~~ to Magnetic Beads

Form 2013-00

Purpose: To adsorb ~~to~~ Chemicon CMV antigen to magnetic beads.

## Procedure

Tube	Bead	Amt Beads	Vol. Beads	Vol. CMV ( <del>700 µg</del> )	100 mM Vol. PBX
A	Spherotech 4.35 µm	10 mg	400 µl	322.6 µl	677.4 µl
B	Bangs 9803CN	2 mg	20 µl	283.0 µl	717 µl
C	Bangs 9500CN	2 mg	20 µl	199.0 µl	801 µl

- ① Add appropriate beads to a labeled 12x75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash bead 3x 1ml with 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 (~~222 µl~~) by adding 1ml buffer, vortexing and placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ③ Suspend beads in the volume of 100 mM phosphate buffer indicated above table.
- ④ Add the volume of CMV antigen specified in the table to the appropriate tube.
- ⑤ Place the capped tubes on an end-over-end rotator ON @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tubes on a magnetic separator for 30 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatant.
- ⑦ Wash 4x 1ml w/ wash buffer (~~222 µl~~) by adding 1ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tubes in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner wash 2x 1ml w/ storage buffer (~~222 µl~~).
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1ml of storage buffer and store @ 4°C.

To Page No.

Witnessed & Understood by me,

Date

Invent d by

Date

Recorded by

①



Inc.

1840 Industrial Dr. Suite 270  
Libertyville, Illinois 60048  
Tel : (708) 680 8922  
Fax : (708) 680 8927

**TECHNICAL DATA**

**PRODUCT:** SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 4.0-4.5  $\mu\text{m}$   
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

**CAT. NO.:** CM-40-10

**LOT NO.:** 101

**SIZE:** 10 ml

**PARTICLE CONC.:** 2.5% w/v

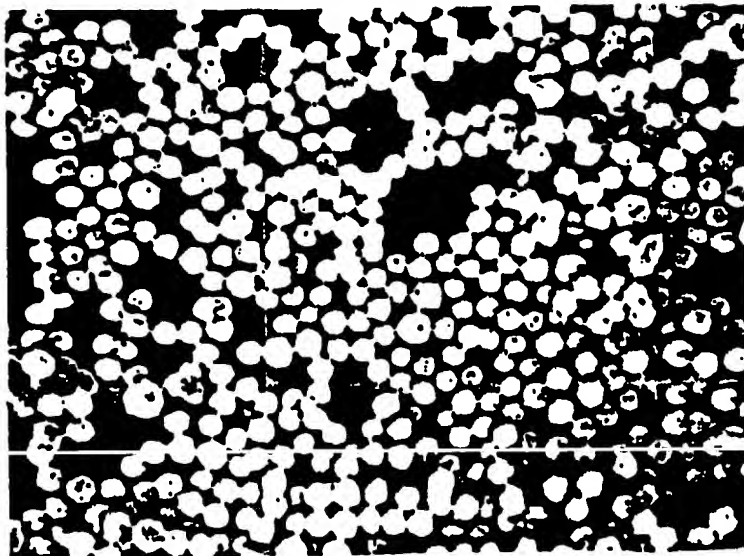
**PRESERVATIVE:** 0.05% Sodium Azide\*

**STORAGE:** Room Temperature

**CAUTION:** Do not freeze.

**NOTE:** To achieve optimum particle suspension, resuspend by vortexing before use.

**SEM ANALYSIS:** Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 4.35  $\mu\text{m}$



**\*WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

**NOTE:** FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.



# Adsorption of HSV Antigen <sup>To</sup> 3.18 $\mu$ m Spherotech beads ~~6375-52~~

Purpose: To adsorb Ross Southern Labs HSV antigen to 3.18  $\mu$ m magnetic beads from Spherotech.

## Procedure

- ① Add 200  $\mu$ l (5mg, 2.5%) of Spherotech 3.18  $\mu$ m beads to a 12x75 mm polypropylene tube.
- ② Wash beads 3x 1 ml with 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 (~~6374-96~~) by adding 1 ml buffer, vortexing, placing tube in Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes and pipetting off supernatant.
- ③ Suspend bead in 185  $\mu$ l of 100 mM phosphate buffer pH 6.8 (~~6374-96~~).
- ④ Add 815  $\mu$ l of HSV antigen (Ross Southern Labs).
- ⑤ Cap the tube and place on a end-over-end rotator ON @ RT.
- ⑥ The next day place the tube on a magnetic separator for 3 minutes. Pipet off & discard supernatant.
- ⑦ Wash 4x 1 ml w/wash buffer (~~6374-96~~) by adding 1 ml of wash buffer, vortexing and placing tube in a Corning magnetic separator for 3 minutes.
- ⑧ In a similar manner, wash 2x 1 ml w/storage buffer (~~6374-96~~).
- ⑨ Suspend the beads in 1 ml of storage buffer and store at 4°C.



Inc.

1840 Industrial Dr. Suite 270  
Libertyville, Illinois 60048  
Tel : (708) 690 8922  
Fax : (708) 690 8927

## TECHNICAL DATA

**PRODUCT:** SPHERO™ Carboxyl Magnetic Particles, 3.0-3.9  $\mu\text{m}$   
(U. S. Patent No. 5,091,206)

**CAT. NO.:** CM-30-10

**LOT NO.:** 101

**SIZE:** 10 ml

**PARTICLE CONC.:** 2.5% w/v

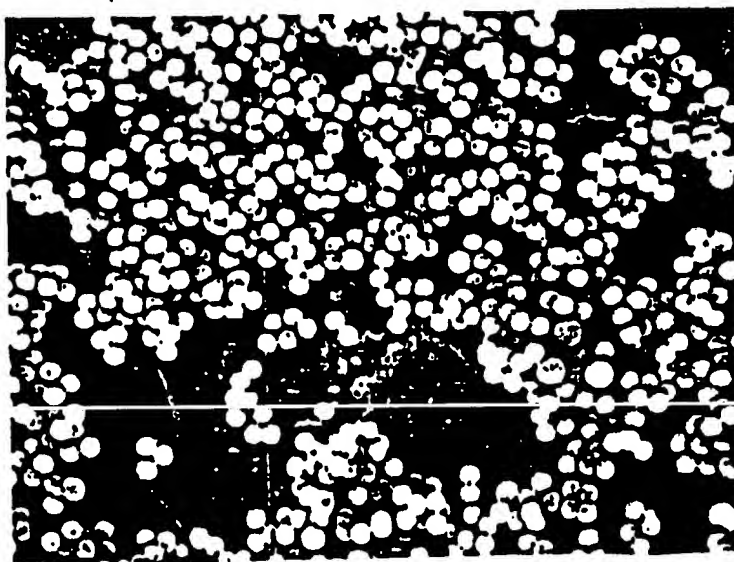
**PRESERVATIVE:** 0.05% Sodium Azide\*

**STORAGE:** Room Temperature

**CAUTION:** Do not freeze.

**NOTE:** To achieve optimum particle suspension, resuspend by vortexing before use.

**SEM ANALYSIS:** Magnification: 1000X. Mean Diameter: 3.18  $\mu\text{m}$



**\*WARNING:** Sodium Azide can react with Cu and Pb in plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush this reagent down drains with copious amounts of water.

**NOTE:** FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC USE.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Density} &= 1.22 - 1.25 \text{ g/cc} \\ \% \text{ Magnetite} &= .12\% \quad w = \text{grams/mL of sol'n} \\ \# \text{ part./mL} &= \frac{6W \times 10^{12}}{\rho \pi \phi^3} \quad \phi = \text{diameter } (\mu\text{m}) \\ &= \frac{(6)(0.025)(10^{12})}{(1.235)(\pi)(3.18)^3} \quad \rho = \text{density (g/mL)} \\ &= 1.20 \times 10^9 \text{ particles/mL} \\ \text{Surface Area} &= \frac{60}{\phi \rho} = \frac{60}{(3.18)(1.235)} = 15.3 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{mg}} \end{aligned}$$

Purpose: To adsorb Rubella antigen at two different concentrations to 10µm magnetic Sinter beads.

## Procedure

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Vol. Rubella Antigen</u>	<u>Vol. 100 mM PBS pH 6.8</u>
A	104 µL (5.2 µg)	896 µL
B	10.4 µL (0.52 µg)	989.6 µL

- ① Wash 5 mg beads in tubes A & B, 3x 1 ml of 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 6.8 using magnetic separator (3 minutes).
- ② Suspend pellet in specified volume of phosphate buffer (see table).
- ③ Add volume of rubella antigen specified in table.
- ④ Place on end-over-end rotator 6/N @ RT.
- ⑤ Place on magnetic separator 3 minutes, discard <sup>supernatant</sup>.
- ⑥ Wash 4x 1 ml with wash buffer (~~500 µL~~) using 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑦ Wash 2x 1 ml with storage buffer (~~500 µL~~ 28) again using 3 min. of magnetic separation.
- ⑧ Suspend in 1 ml of storage buffer.



Bio-Rad Labs  
4000 Alfred Nobel Drive  
Hercules, CA 94547  
USA

## SINTEF Applied Chemistry

Address:  
N-7034 Trondheim,  
NORWAY  
Location:  
Sem Sælands vei 2A  
Telephone:  
+47 73 59 28 73  
Fax:  
+47 73 59 69 95

Enterprise No.:  
NO 848 007 029 MVA

Att: Dr. Mike Watkins

Your ref.:

Our ref.:

~~1000-10-31~~ 21

Direct line:

+4773592815

Trondheim,

~~1000-10-31~~

## MAGNETIC MICROSPHERES

Dear Dr. Watkins,

Please find enclosed 50mg of uncoated magnetic particles with the following specifications:

R-509: 10µm porous, superparamagnetic particles  
surface area: 89m<sup>2</sup>/g  
iron content: 17.9% Fe/g particles  
(in the form of magnetite Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and/or maghemite γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)  
magnetic susceptibility: 12·10<sup>-3</sup> cgse

Density = 1.23 g/mL  
particles/mL =

$$\text{surface area (smooth)} = \frac{60}{(10)(1.23)} = 4.88 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{mg}}$$

We have several types of coated particles based on these uncoated beads, where the coating both serves as pore filler (→ compact, smooth surface) and as supplier for functional groups for ligand coupling. We can also design new coatings specially for your purpose. Shortly told, we can vary the surface area and the pore sizes, the surface chemistry, the Fe-content (→ the magnetic susceptibility) and the size.

Please use always our particle number R-509 in your further correspondence concerning these particles.

We are looking forward to hear about your experiences with these magnetic beads.

Yours sincerely  
SINTEF Applied Chemistry

*Ruth Schmid*

Ruth Schmid  
Senior Research Scientist

(6)

Flow Multi (CMV + HSV + RUB) vs Single (RUB) assay

From Page N. \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: To compare Rubella results in a single vs multisource (HSV 2, CMV, RUB) format.

### Observations

- controls CN 6, CN 8, CN 12, CN 15 + 23 were tested with the Gull assay and found to have the following reactivities:

	<u>HSV</u>	<u>CMV</u>	<u>RUB</u>
CN 6	+	-	+
CN 8	+	-	+
CN 12	-	-	+
CN 15	-	-	+
23	-	+	-

the flow results are consistent with these reactivities.

- standard 5 gave a lower signal than standard 4 in both assay formats
- controls were lower than their reported value of 134.9, 14.4, 0.5 IU/mL for HI positive, low positive and negative controls, respectively.

# CMV + HSV + RUB Assay

Purpose: To use compare Rubella in single versus multiasay (i.e. HSV2, CMV and RUB).

Date: 14/02/98  
 Operator: Watkins  
 File: 14020908  
 Seeds: HSV: 6000-02 (1/500), CMV: 6000-02A (1/10)  
 RUB: 6276-08A (1/40)  
 6282-08-  
 Diluent: Chemicon, AQ191E, Lot 165 JD19 (1/300)  
 anti IgG- X<sub>0</sub>  
 +E(B): G2, empty (Original Brite)  
 Amp: 2048 (log)  
 Filters: Channels: 2048 (log)

RUB Positive Control 28May98-  
 RUB Negative Contr 22May98-

FL2 PMT: 400 (log)  
 LS1 PMT: 250 (log)  
 LS2 PMT: 350 (log)  
 Flowrate: 50 µL/min.

## Procedure

100 µL sample (1/10 dilution with diluent)  
 add 100 µL beads

Incubate 15 min. on vortexer RT

Add 750 µL diluent, place on Corning magnetic separator 5 minutes  
 decant and let drain 1 minute on paper towels  
 Add 1000 µL diluent, place on Corning magnetic separator 5 minutes  
 decant and let drain 1 minute on paper towels  
 add 200 µL antihuman IgG-PE(B) - staggered additions 3 minutes apart

Incubate 15 min. on vortexer RT

Read on Brite - staggered 3 minutes apart

Sample	HSV			CMV			RUB		
	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts	Signal (Channels)	Rel. Linear Units	Total Counts
RUG 0	374	5	741	470	8	652	613	16	258
RUG 1	501	10	635	479	9	447	1054	114	208
RUG 2	633	17	511	572	13	453	1189	220	309
RUG 3	741	28	572	698	23	378	1285	323	232
RUG 4	805	37	585	785	31	412	1330	398	244
RUG 5	783	35	621	831	86	408	1289	328	253
Hi Pos	634	17	443	795	36	348	1241	285	180
Lo Pos	457	8	583	578	14	361	1083	130	211
Neg	363	5	491	700	23	442	702	24	286
CN 6	591	14	515	427	7	343	1122	155	213
CN 8	613	18	514	414	6	367	1168	181	267
Cn 12	359	5	535	425	7	385	1219	240	187
Cn 15	362	5	511	383	6	408	1289	328	178
23	346	5	518	844	45	348	838	43	246
RUG 0									
RUG 1									
RUG 2									
RUG 3									
RUG 4									
RUG 5									
Hi Pos									
Lo Pos									
Neg									
CN 6									
CN 8									
Cn 12									
Cn 15									
23									

